## Chemistry 11 - Mole Conversions

## Part 1: Mole $\leftrightarrow$ Mass Conversions

Convert the following number of moles of chemical into its corresponding mass in grams. (Sig. figs. count in your final answer.)

1. $\quad 0.436$ moles of ammonium chloride
2. $\quad 2.360$ moles of lead (II) oxide
3. $\quad 0.031$ moles of aluminum iodide
4. $\quad 1.077$ moles of magnesium phosphate
5. 0.50 moles of calcium nitrate
6. $\quad 23.5 \mathrm{~g}$ of sodium chloride
7. $\quad 0.778 \mathrm{~g}$ of sodium cyanide
8. $\quad 0.250 \mathrm{~g}$ of water
9. $\quad 169.45 \mathrm{~g}$ of calcium acetate
10. $\quad 79.9 \mathrm{~g}$ of potassium permanganate

## Part 2: Moles $\leftrightarrow$ Number of Particles Conversions

Convert the following number of moles into their corresponding number of particles. (Sig. figs. count in your final answer.)
11. 0.0455 moles of hydrochloric acid
12. 1.2 moles of glucose $\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}\right)$
13. 0.32 moles of sodium bicarbonate
14. $6.99 \times 10^{24}$ molecules of sodium nitrite
15. $1.255 \times 10^{25}$ molecules of magnesium chloride
16. $7.2 \times 10^{23}$ atoms of helium
17. How many atoms of oxygen are there in 2.35 moles of sodium phosphate?
18. How many atoms of carbon are there in 0.0022 moles of lead (IV) acetate?
19. How many moles of oxygen atoms are there in $2.55 \times 10^{24}$ molecules of sodium nitrate?
20. How many moles of hydrogen atoms are there in $1.046 \times 10^{23}$ molecules of ammonium hydroxide?

## Part 3: Moles $\leftrightarrow$ Molarity Conversions

Convert the following number of moles into their corresponding molarities.
21. 0.694 moles of sodium hydroxide in $400 . \mathrm{mL}$
22. 1.25 moles of magnesium borate in 2.5 L
23. 0.0039 moles of lead (II) chloride in 25 mL
24. $\quad 500 . \mathrm{mL}$ of 1.25 M sodium oxide
25. 250. mL of 0.75 M magnesium fluoride
26. 100. mL of 1.10 M calcium nitrate

## Part 4: Moles $\leftrightarrow$ Litres of gas (at standard conditions STP) Conversions

Convert the following number of moles into their corresponding volumes of gas.
27. 2.2 moles of hydrogen gas
28. $\quad 0.0665$ moles of oxygen gas
29. $\quad 30.7$ moles of sulfur dioxide gas
30. 50.0 L of oxygen gas
31. 2.75 L of chlorine gas
32. 1000. mL of carbon dioxide gas

## Part 5: Mixed Problems involving multiple conversions

Convert the following masses into their corresponding molarities.
33. Find the molarity of a 50.0 g of sodium hydroxide in 1.2 L
34. Find the molarity of a 100. g of magnesium nitrate in $500 . \mathrm{mL}$
35. Find the molarity of a 75.45 g of calcium sulfate in 300 mL
36. Find the molarity of a 10.1 g of sodium chlorite in 100 mL
37. Find the molarity of a 1.2 L of 0.400 M sodium carbonate
38. Find the molarity of a $450 . \mathrm{mL}$ of 1.35 M iron (III) nitrate
39. Find the molarity of a 250 . mL of 0.095 M copper (II) sulfate
40. Find the molarity of a 5.00 L of 1.15 M zinc nitrate
41. What is the mass of 45.25 L of carbon dioxide (at STP)?
42. What is the mass of 2.8 L of carbon disulfide (at STP)?
43. What is the mass of 50.0 L of nitrogen (at STP)?
44. What is the mass of 2000. L of carbon monoxide (at STP)?
45. What is the volume of 50.0 g of oxygen gas?
46. What is the volume of 3.50 kg of argon?
47. What is the volume of $700 . \mathrm{g}$ of nitrogen monoxide?
48. What is the volume of $500 . \mathrm{g}$ of sulfur trioxide?
49. $\quad 50.0 \mathrm{~L}$ of carbon dioxide gas will contain how many molecules of the gas?
50. How many atoms of oxygen are contained in question \#49?

