Part 1: Mole \leftrightarrow Mass Conversions

Convert the following number of moles of chemical into its corresponding mass in grams. (Sig. figs. count in your final answer.)

- 1. 0.436 moles of ammonium chloride
- 2. 2.360 moles of lead (II) oxide
- 3. 0.031 moles of aluminum iodide
- 4. 1.077 moles of magnesium phosphate
- 5. 0.50 moles of calcium nitrate
- 6. 23.5 g of sodium chloride
- 7. 0.778 g of sodium cyanide
- 8. 0.250 g of water
- 9. 169.45 g of calcium acetate
- 10. 79.9 g of potassium permanganate

Part 2: Moles ↔ Number of Particles Conversions

Convert the following number of moles into their corresponding number of particles. (Sig. figs. count in your final answer.)

- 11. 0.0455 moles of hydrochloric acid
- 12. 1.2 moles of glucose ($C_6H_{12}O_6$)
- 13. 0.32 moles of sodium bicarbonate
- 14. 6.99×10^{24} molecules of sodium nitrite
- 15. 1.255×10^{25} molecules of magnesium chloride
- 16. 7.2 x 10^{23} atoms of helium
- 17. How many atoms of oxygen are there in 2.35 moles of sodium phosphate?
- 18. How many atoms of carbon are there in 0.0022 moles of lead (IV) acetate?
- 19. How many **moles** of **oxygen atoms** are there in 2.55 x 10²⁴ molecules of sodium nitrate?
- 20. How many **moles** of **hydrogen atoms** are there in 1.046 x 10²³ molecules of ammonium hydroxide?

Part 3: Moles ↔ Molarity Conversions

Convert the following number of moles into their corresponding molarities.

- 21. 0.694 moles of sodium hydroxide in 400. mL
- 22. 1.25 moles of magnesium borate in 2.5 L
- 23. 0.0039 moles of lead (II) chloride in 25 mL
- 24. 500. mL of 1.25 M sodium oxide
- 25. 250. mL of 0.75 M magnesium fluoride
- 26. 100. mL of 1.10 M calcium nitrate

Part 4: Moles ↔ Litres of gas (at standard conditions STP) Conversions

Convert the following number of moles into their corresponding volumes of gas.

- 27. 2.2 moles of hydrogen gas
- 28. 0.0665 moles of oxygen gas
- 29. 30.7 moles of sulfur dioxide gas
- 30. 50.0 L of oxygen gas
- 31. 2.75 L of chlorine gas
- 32. 1000. mL of carbon dioxide gas

Part 5: Mixed Problems involving multiple conversions

Convert the following masses into their corresponding molarities.

- 33. Find the molarity of a 50.0 g of sodium hydroxide in 1.2 L
- 34. Find the molarity of a 100. g of magnesium nitrate in 500. mL
- 35. Find the molarity of a 75.45 g of calcium sulfate in 300. mL
- 36. Find the molarity of a 10.1 g of sodium chlorite in 100. mL
- 37. Find the molarity of a 1.2 L of 0.400 M sodium carbonate
- 38. Find the molarity of a 450. mL of 1.35 M iron (III) nitrate
- 39. Find the molarity of a 250. mL of 0.095 M copper (II) sulfate
- 40. Find the molarity of a 5.00 L of 1.15 M zinc nitrate
- 41. What is the mass of 45.25 L of carbon dioxide (at STP)?
- 42. What is the mass of 2.8 L of carbon disulfide (at STP)?
- 43. What is the mass of 50.0 L of nitrogen (at STP)?
- 44. What is the mass of 2000. L of carbon monoxide (at STP)?
- 45. What is the volume of 50.0 g of oxygen gas?
- 46. What is the volume of 3.50 kg of argon?
- 47. What is the volume of 700. g of nitrogen monoxide?
- 48. What is the volume of 500. g of sulfur trioxide?
- 49. 50.0 L of carbon dioxide gas will contain how many molecules of the gas?
- 50. How many atoms of oxygen are contained in question #49?